User Groups –
What are they for?
How to get the best from one

Outline

- GP computing a very brief history
- National Vision User Group
- User Groups
 - what are they for and
 - how to get the best from one

1970 Dr John Preece had a computer in his consulting room 1975 Ottery St Mary Health Centre



Figure

Dr Jeremy Bradshaw Smith at Ottery St Mary health centre, which, in 1975, became the first paperless computerised general practice

1970 Dr John Preece had a computer in his consulting room	1
1975 Ottery St Mary Health Centre	2
1980 National RCGP conference	<100
1982 RCGP-BMA Joint Computing Group	
1983 – 84 VAMP AAH Meditel founded	<300
1987 Free computers – in return for contributing data	
1989 Reimbursement of approved systems	20%
1992 Free computer systems collapsed	
1995 Vision launched	

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- 1987 Free computers in return for contributing data
- 1989 Reimbursement of approved systems
- 1991 1997 GP Fundholding
- 1992 Free computer systems collapsed
- 1995 Vision launched
- 1996 90% of practices had computer and 11% paperless
- 2000 end of VAMP Medical
- 2003 New GP Contract

NVUG founded 1984 Oldest Independent User Group

- Monitoring the quality of service provided to members by <u>INPS</u>.
- Advising INPS on software development
- Monitoring and influencing National Health Service Information Technology Policy.
- Providing conciliation services for any problems users have with INPS, THIN, or with the CPRD.
- Supporting and advising the General Practice Research Database (<u>CPRD</u>) and The Health Improvement Network (<u>THIN</u>).
- Providing advice and help on the best use of the systems.
- Holding a <u>National Conference and Roadshows</u>.
- Maintaining and supporting web site and the <u>NVUG Forum</u>

